

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

2654 October 26, 1900

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Disinfection of mails from the leper settlement.

Honolulu, H. I., October 1, 1900.

SIR: Referring to Bureau letter of September 4, 1900 (C. H. W.) (R. M. W.), relative to the disinfection of the mails from the leper settlement on the island of Molokoi, I have the honor to inform you that after consultation with the post-office authorities in Honolulu the following plan has been adopted instead of sending the mail to the quarantine station in order to avoid the delay and trouble incident to such a transfer. All mail from the leper settlement will be disinfected with sulphur dioxide (SO₂) at the settlement and then transferred directly to the steamer and received on board in clean and disinfected sacks furnished by the post-office authorities. On arrival at Honolulu the mail will be taken in these sacks directly to a room in the post-office, used for disinfection purposes, and disinfected with formaldehyd without removal from the sacks in which it was received on the steamer at the leper settlement. All letters are perforated, or the corners clipped, at the settlement before disinfection by SO₂.

It is considered that the plan outlined above is reasonably safe and

that by its adoption any unnecessary delay will be avoided.

No case of leprosy has yet been discovered among the post-office employees, although nondisinfected mail from the leper settlement has been handled by them for many years.

Respectfully,

D. A. CARMICHAEL, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

HONDURAS.

Report from Puerto Cortez-Fruit port.

PUERTO CORTEZ, HONDURAS, October 12, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit my report for the week ended October 11, 1900, and inclose list of vessels inspected and cleared during the week. The health and sanitary condition of the port and adjacent country continue good; no deaths reported for the week.

Respectfully,

R. H. Peters,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

List of vessels inspected and cleared during the week ended October 11, 1900.

Date.	Vessel.	Master.	Crew.	Destination.	Number of pas- sengers.	Number of pieces baggage disin- fected.
Oct. 6 Do Oct. 8 Oct. 10	Steamship Fulton Steamship Hiram Steamship Esther Steamship Foxhall	Pedersen Stevenson	14 17	Mobile		